

### Outline



Supreme Court Ruling

Ultra Low Emission Zone and other measures

 Non Road Mobile Machinery Low Emission Zone

London Local Air Quality Management

## Supreme Court Ruling



• Supreme Court ruled on 29<sup>th</sup> April that the UK Government must submit new NO2 actions plans for 16 zones (including London) by December 2015, which is subject to a public consultation

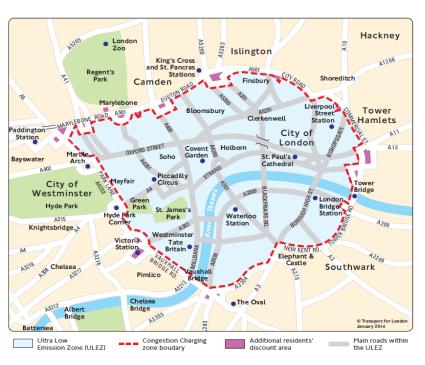
 Mayor published his Air Quality Manifesto in Summer 2014 setting out his vision for London to be compliant with NO2 limit

values by 3000 at the latest



## Ultra Low Emission Zone

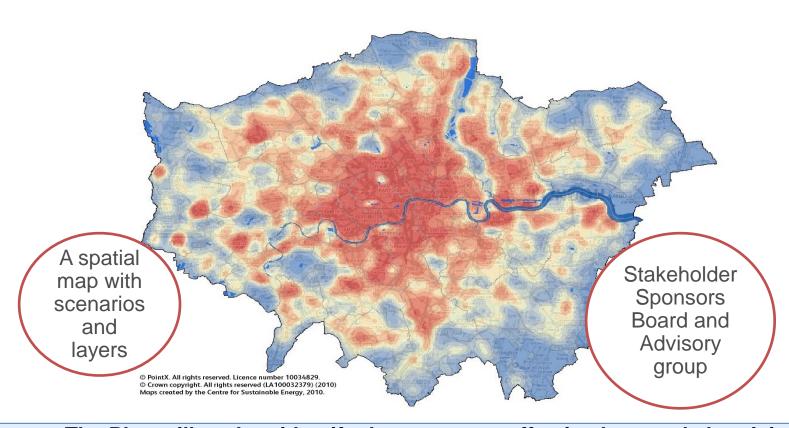




- Centre piece of the Mayor's Air Quality Manifesto is ULEZ
- Modelling suggests ULEZ will more than halve NOx and PM in the zone as well as reducing emissions across London
- Will help ensure more than 80% of central London meet NO2 legal limits by 2020.
- New requirements for buses, taxis and PHVs with London-wide benefits
- Mayor confirmed ULEZ on 26<sup>th</sup> March 2015

## London Energy Plan





The Plan will seek to identify the most cost-effective heat and electricity infrastructure, including demand side response, to accommodate London's growing population while ensuring London's energy supply is low carbon, secure and affordable

## Buildings



80 percent of London's buildings will still be standing in 2050.

Retrofitting existing buildings is essential to reducing energy bills and CO<sub>2</sub>

RE:FIT

Mayor's award-winning procurement framework provides for the public sector to retrofit their buildings and reduce their carbon footprint. RE:FIT represents a £63m capital investment and has already saved 30,000 tonnes of carbon

RE:NEW

Designed to overcome delivery barriers and significantly increase the scale of domestic retrofit across the capital. It is supporting the retrofit of 175,000 homes by 2017 (in addition to over <a href="half a million homes already retrofitted">half a million homes already retrofitted</a> by RE:NEW and the wider market)

Business Energy Challenge An awards programme for businesses to demonstrate leadership which provides the GLA with energy demand data from workplaces. Taken together, 2014 award winners reduced their CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by over 80,000 tonnes in 2013/14 compared to 2010/11

# Non Road Mobile Machinery Low Emission Zone (1)



Construction/NRMM contributes 15% PM10 and 12% NOx in London

#### Introduction date (First stage)

■ 1<sup>st</sup> Sep 2015

#### EU Standards

- NR MM 37kW 560KW variable and constant speed engines for PM/NOx:
  - Major development meet S tage IIIA of E U Directive 97/68/E C
  - All developments in Central London (CAZ) or Canary Wharf meet
     Stage IIIB of the Directive

#### Introduction date (Second stage)

■ 1<sup>st</sup> Sep 2020

#### EU Standards

- Any site in Greater London meet Stage IIIB of the EU Directive
- Developments in CAZ or Canary Wharf meet Stage IV

## Non Road Mobile Machinery Low Emission Zone (2)



#### Enforcement

- Requirements put in place through the planning system
- Enforcement is a responsibility for local authorities
- Enforcement and reporting will be part of borough duties as part of LLAQM

#### A new NRMM database

 Developing a new database to help with desk-based enforcement and to improve our understanding of what construction equipment is used in London

#### Training

 A number of training sessions will be held this summer for air quality officers, planners and borough enforcement personnel. Watch out for details and make sure you sign up.



## 29<sup>th</sup> June 2015

# London Local Air Quality Management Consultation



- Local Air Quality Management (LAQM) is the statutory process by which a local authority is required to review the air quality within its area.
- The Mayor has set out his intention to consult on a new bespoke system for LAQM in London, in order to reflect the unique situation and challenges faced by the capital.
- The legal basis for this is the statutory power given to the Mayor under Part IV of the Environment Act 1995.
- The GLA will continue to provide support and funding to boroughs (e.g. through the Mayor's Air Quality Fund).

## **LLAQM Proposals**



#### Draft plans for consultation include:

- Removal of reporting requirements for achieved pollutants in line with Defra proposals
- Single annual report with plain-English public facing executive summary
- More support for action planning:
  - a new (voluntary and flexible) template for Air Quality Action Plans (AQAPs);
  - a Matrix of possible actions for boroughs to consider including in their action plans (with case studies and quantification of benefits where possible);
  - and GLA to provide annual report on action taken by boroughs across London
- Air Quality Action Plans to be revised every 4 years
- Requirement to confirm progress is being made against all Cleaner Air Borough (CAB) criteria annually (in order to retain CAB status)

### **LLAQM Consultation**



#### 8 week consultation launching early June

Consultation documents:

- Outline of proposals
- New annual report and Action Plan templates
- Air Quality Action Matrix
- Impact assessment of proposals

New system to be in place by January 2016; first reports due April 2016

## Mayor's Air Quality Fund

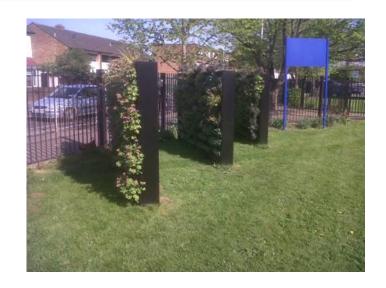


- First round a big success nearly £6 million on 42 projects across London
- Second round launches today.
- £8 million available over 3 years (2016 2019).
- We will provisionally set aside approx. £2million of funding for two Low Emission Neighbourhoods (LENs); £6million for all other projects.
- All projects require some match funding; can also combine with Defra and LIPs funding
- Boroughs can submit solo applications for both a LEN and a standard project (and multiple partnership projects, as per last round)

## Low Emission Neighbourhoods



- Boroughs may deliver a LEN on their own or work together to develop a crossboundary LEN. Either way there must be engagement with local community and businesses.
- Seed funding of up to £25,000 will be provided for the development of a LEN application.
- To be eligible for the MAQF boroughs must have submitted all statutory reports.





### **MAQF** Timelines



Low Emission Neighbourhoods application process

30 July

Seed funding application deadline

**October** 

Provision of seed funding

April 2016

LEN full application deadline

June 2016 Announcement and

commencement of 2 LENs

Standard project application process

**14 September**Application deadline

November/December

Announcement of successful projects

**April 2016** 

Commencement of projects



## ... ... ... .Any questions?

